



Response of the AMOC to reduced solar radiation – the modulating role of atmospheric-chemistry

Christoph C. Raible^{1,2}

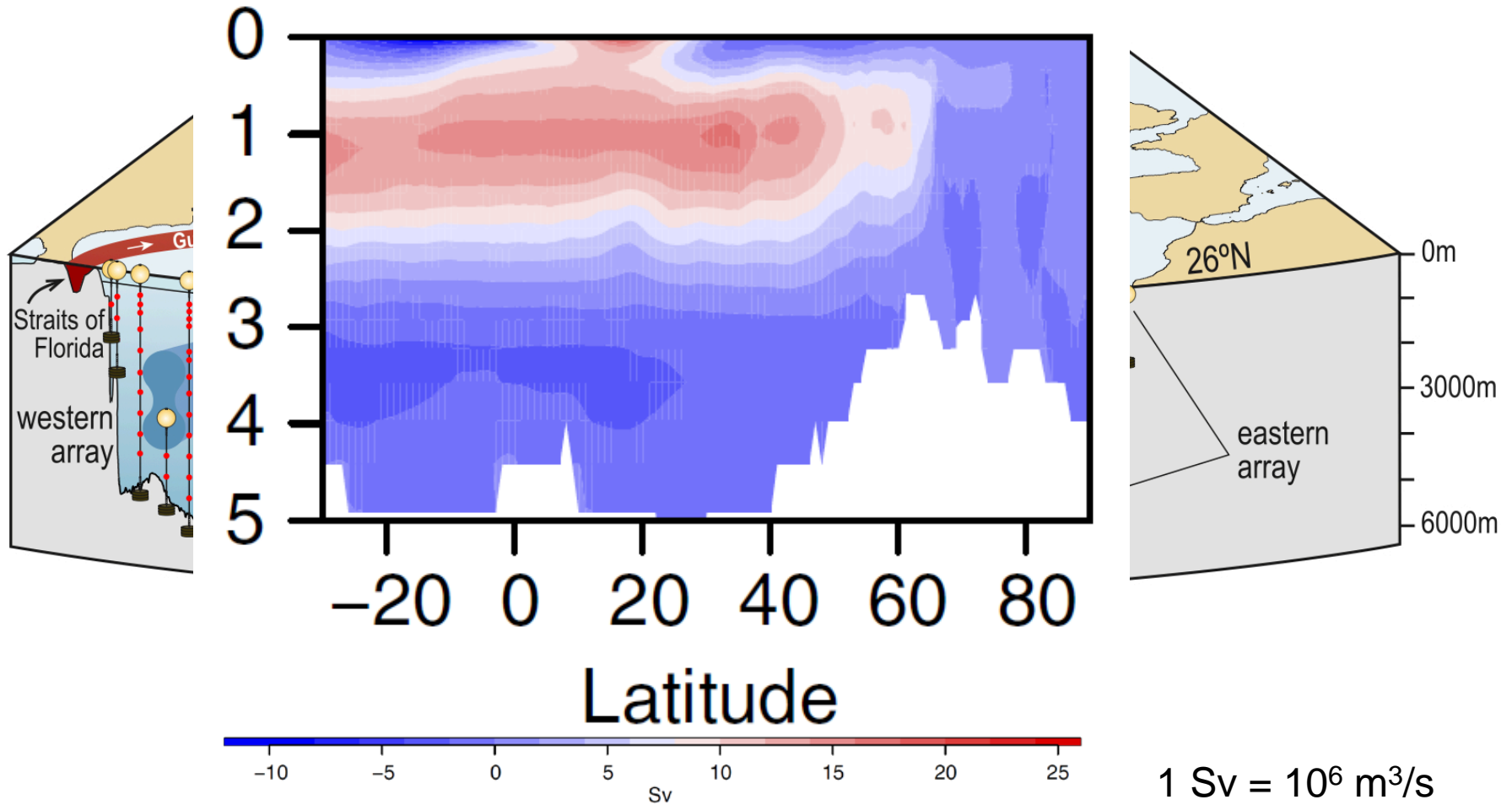
Stefan Muthers, Eugene Rozanov³, Thomas F. Stocker

¹ Climate and Environmental Physics, Physics Institute and

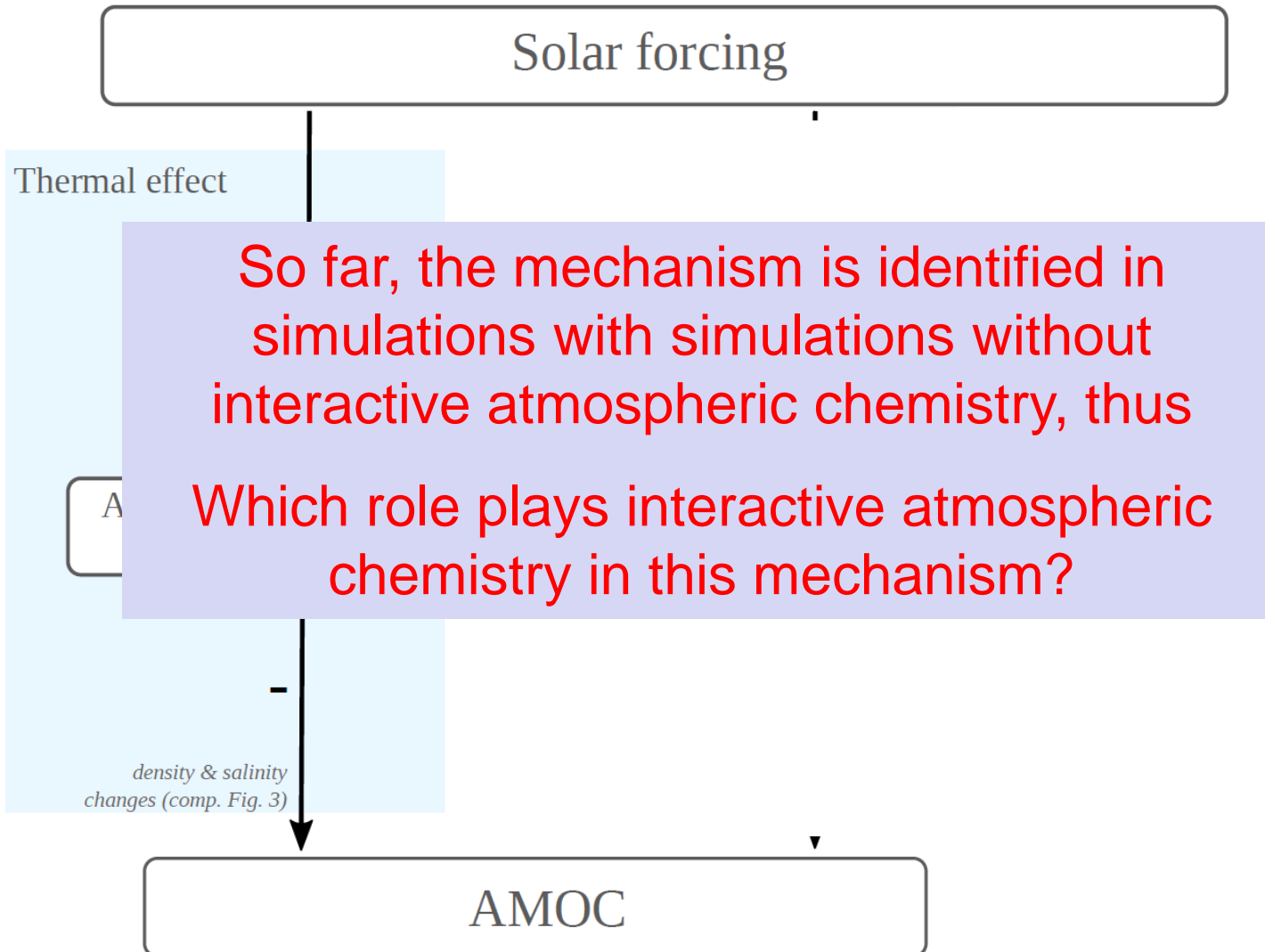
² Oeschger Centre for Climate Change Research, University of Bern, Switzerland

³ Physikalisch-Meteorologisches Observatorium Davos and World Radiation Center (PMOD/WRC), Davos, Switzerland

MPI

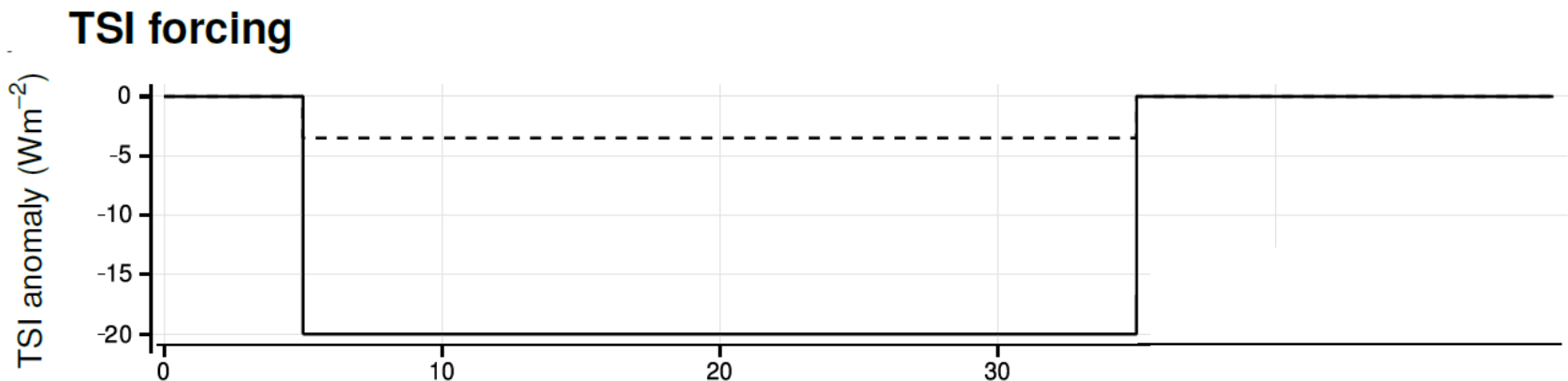


Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC



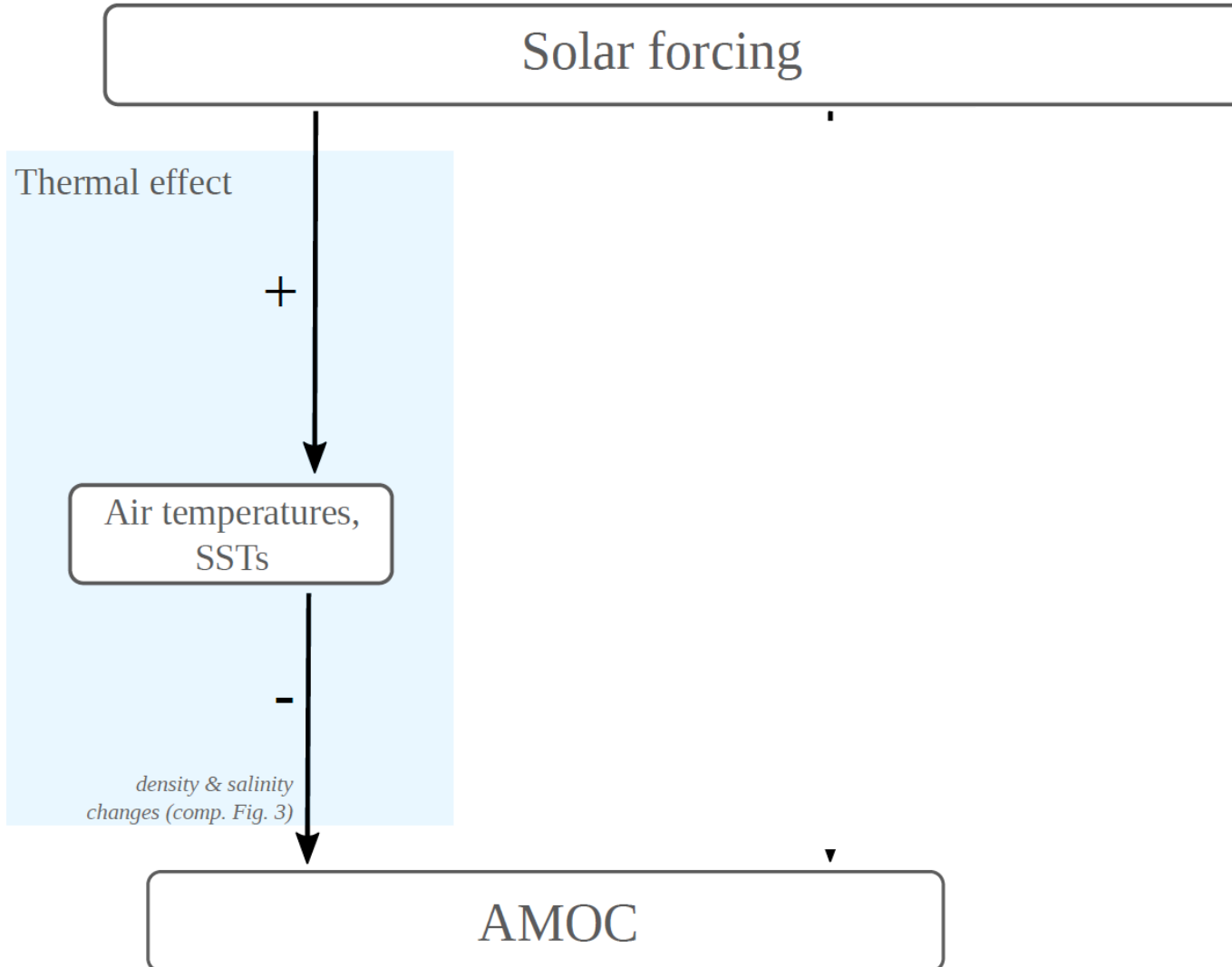
- Model / experimental design
- Thermal effect of the TSI on AMOC
- Dynamical effect
- Summary

- SOCOL-MPIOM Model:**
- ECHAM5 (T31, 39 levels, up to 0.01 hPa)
 - MPIOM (nominal 3°, 40 level)
 - MEZON (41 gas species with 200 gas-phase, 16 heterogeneous, and 35 photolytical reaction)
- Experimental design:**
- Control and sensitivity simulations (10)
 - Chemistry enabled /disabled
 - Step-wise total TSI reduction of -3.5 (S1) and **-20Wm^{-2} (S2)**

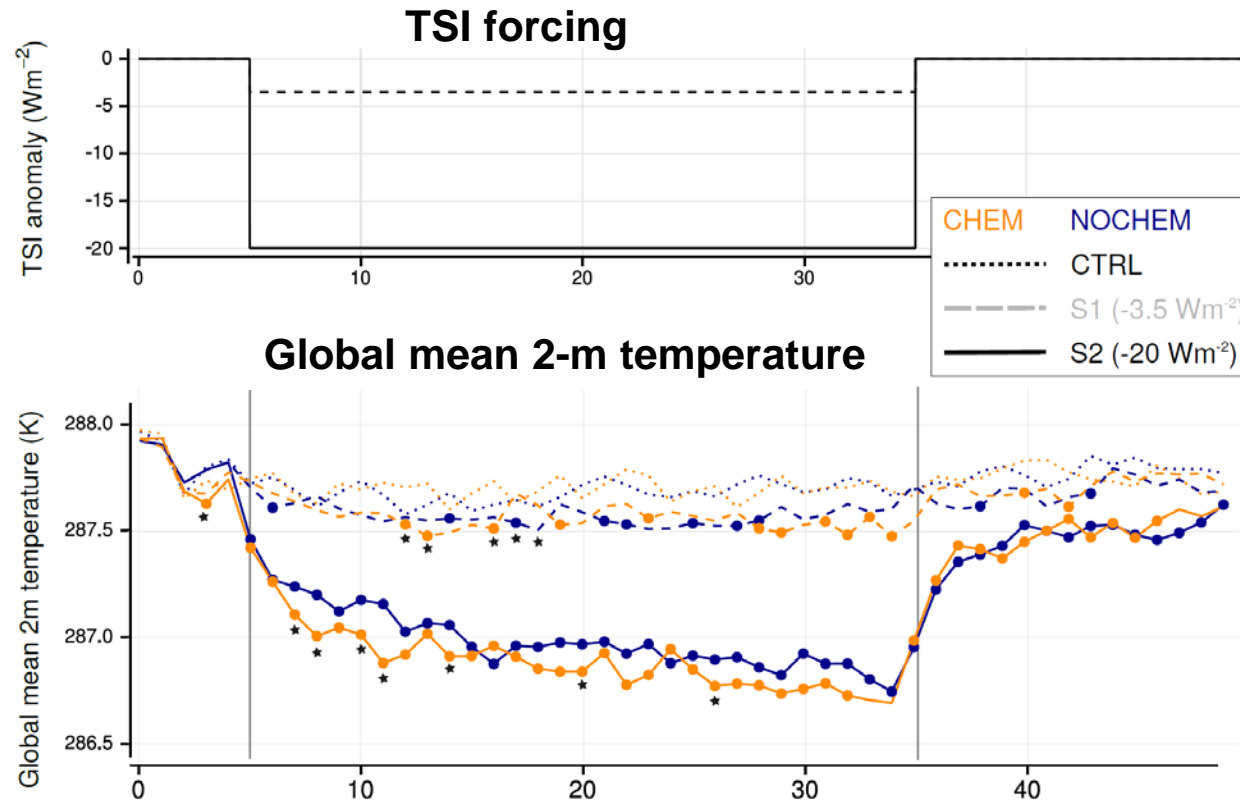


Thermal effect

Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC



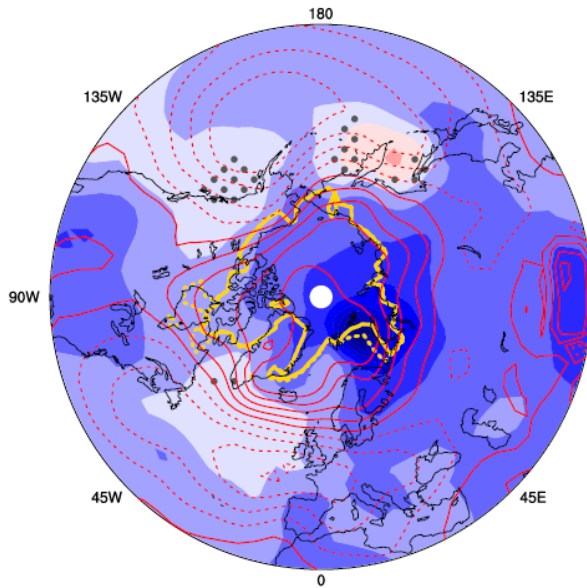
Thermal effect



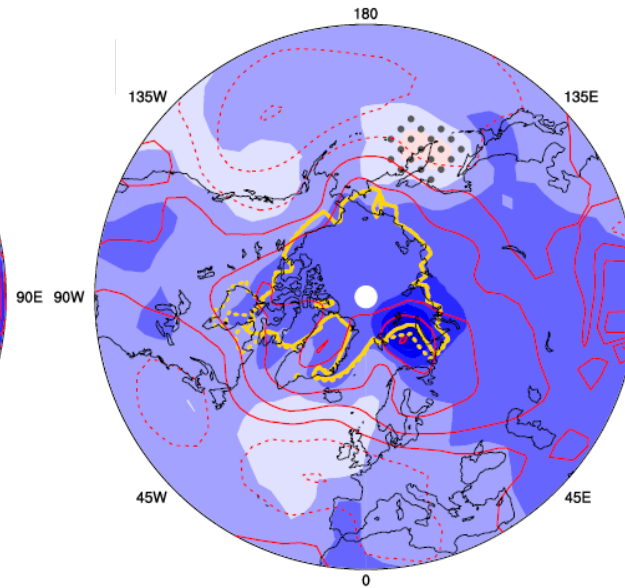
Black star:
Difference
between CHEM
and NoCHEM is
significant at the
5% level

2-m temperature and SLP and response during SRR period

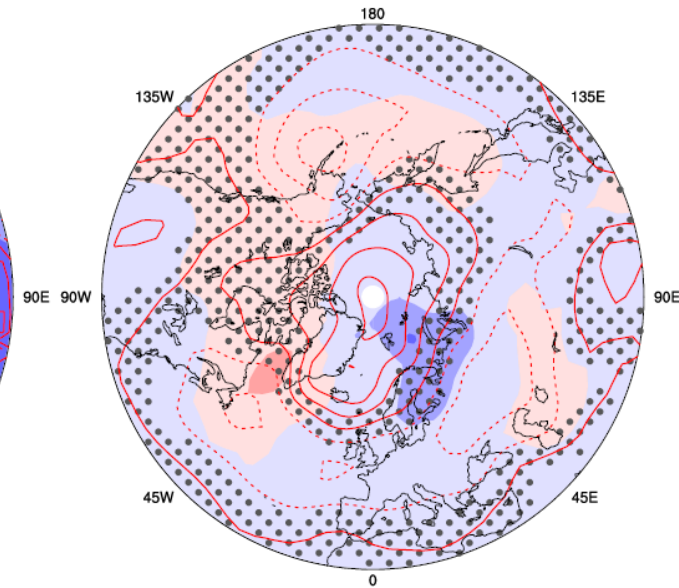
CHEM



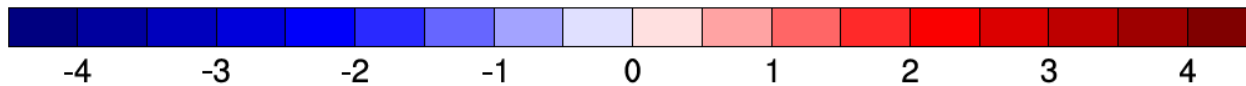
NoCHEM



Difference



2m temperature anomalies (K)

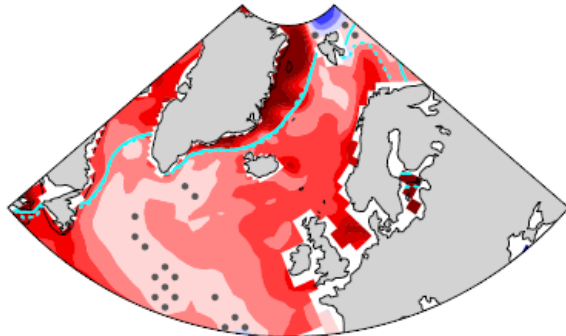


Stippling: NOT significant at the 5% level

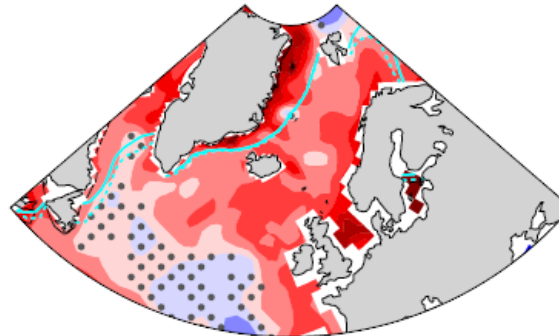
Thermal effect

Density in the first 220 m

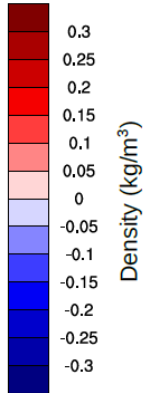
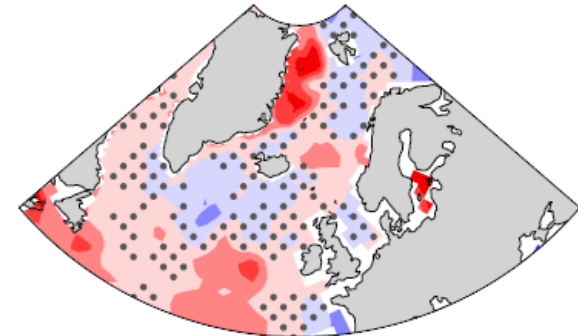
S2_CHEM-CTRL yrs: 20-29



S2_NOCHEM-CTRL yrs: 20-29

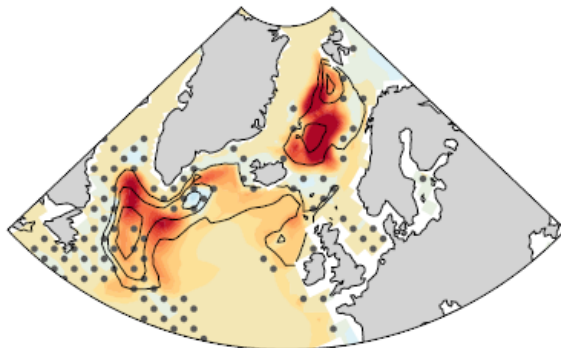


S2_CHEM - S2_NOCHEM yrs: 20-29

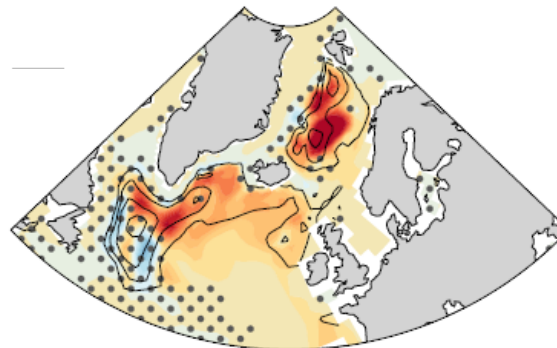


Mixed layer depth

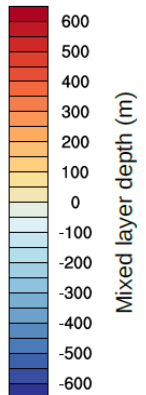
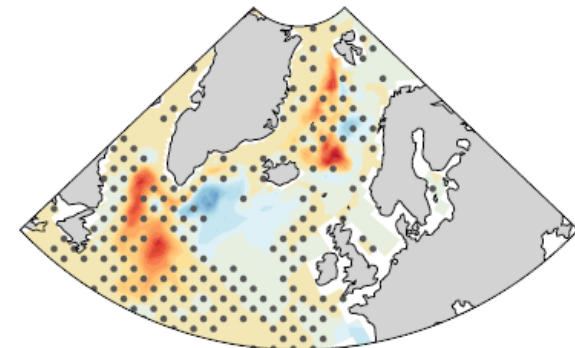
S2_CHEM-CTRL yrs: 20-29



S2_NOCHEM-CTRL yrs: 20-29

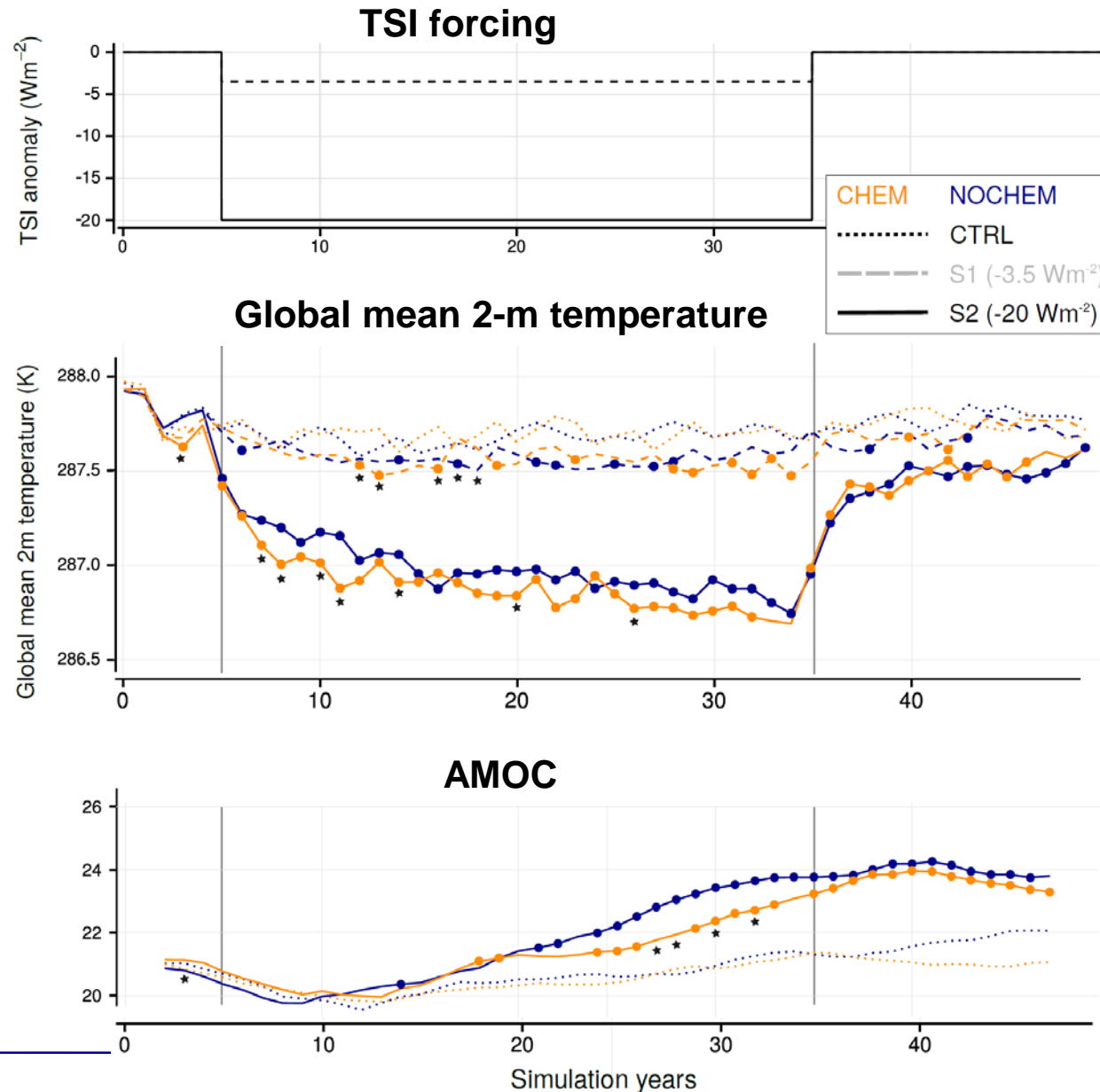


S2_CHEM - S2_NOCHEM yrs: 20-29



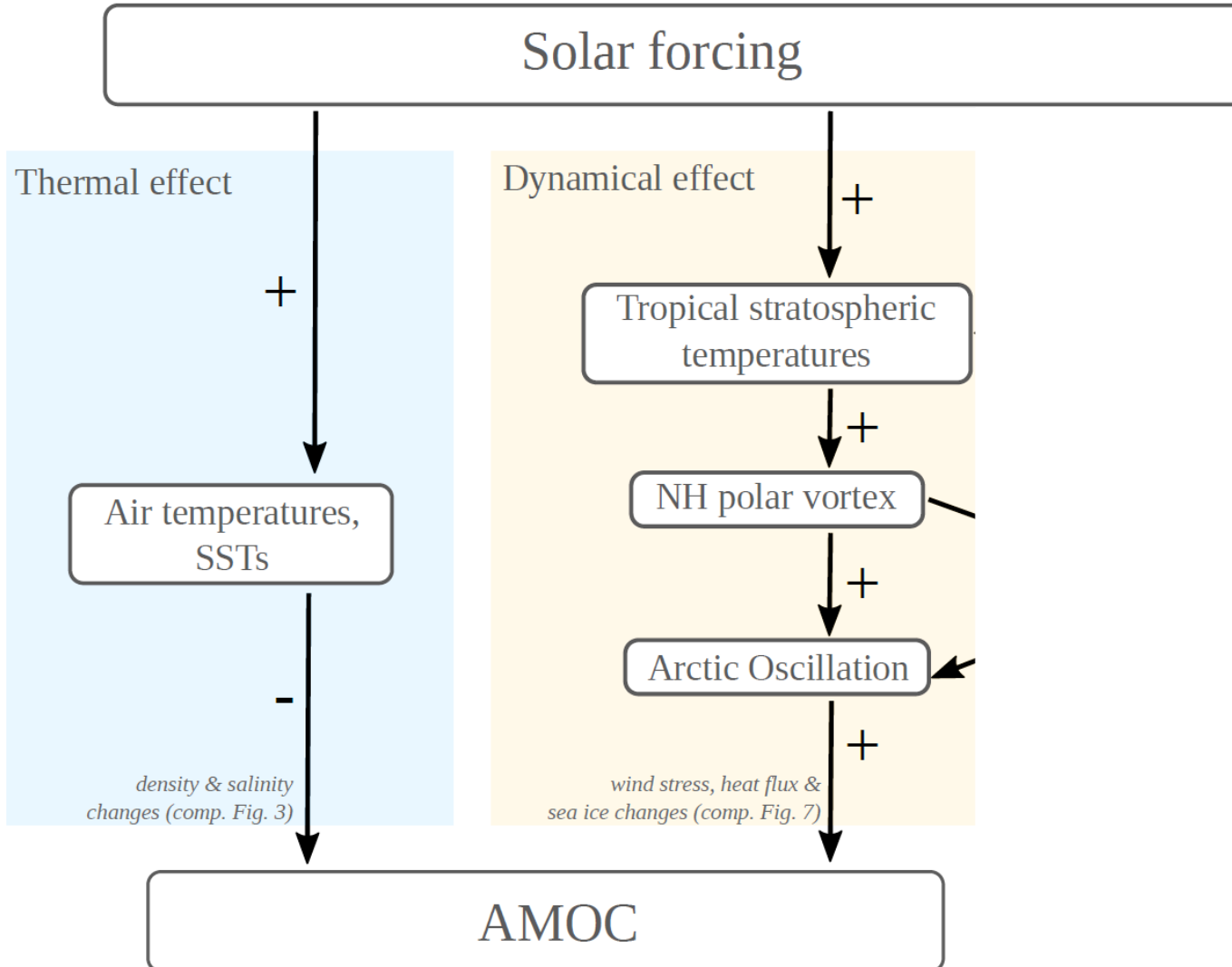
Stippling: NOT significant at the 5% level

Thermal effect



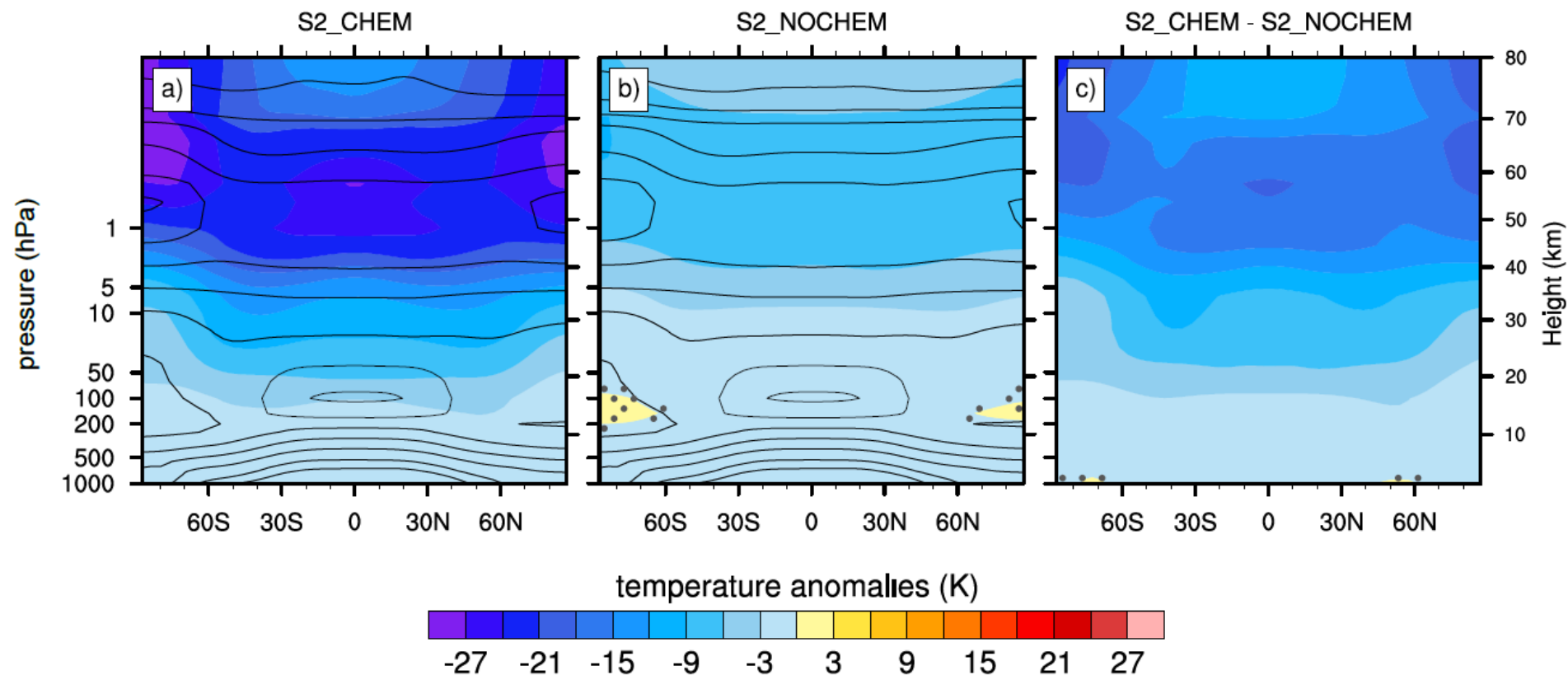
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Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC



Dynamical effect

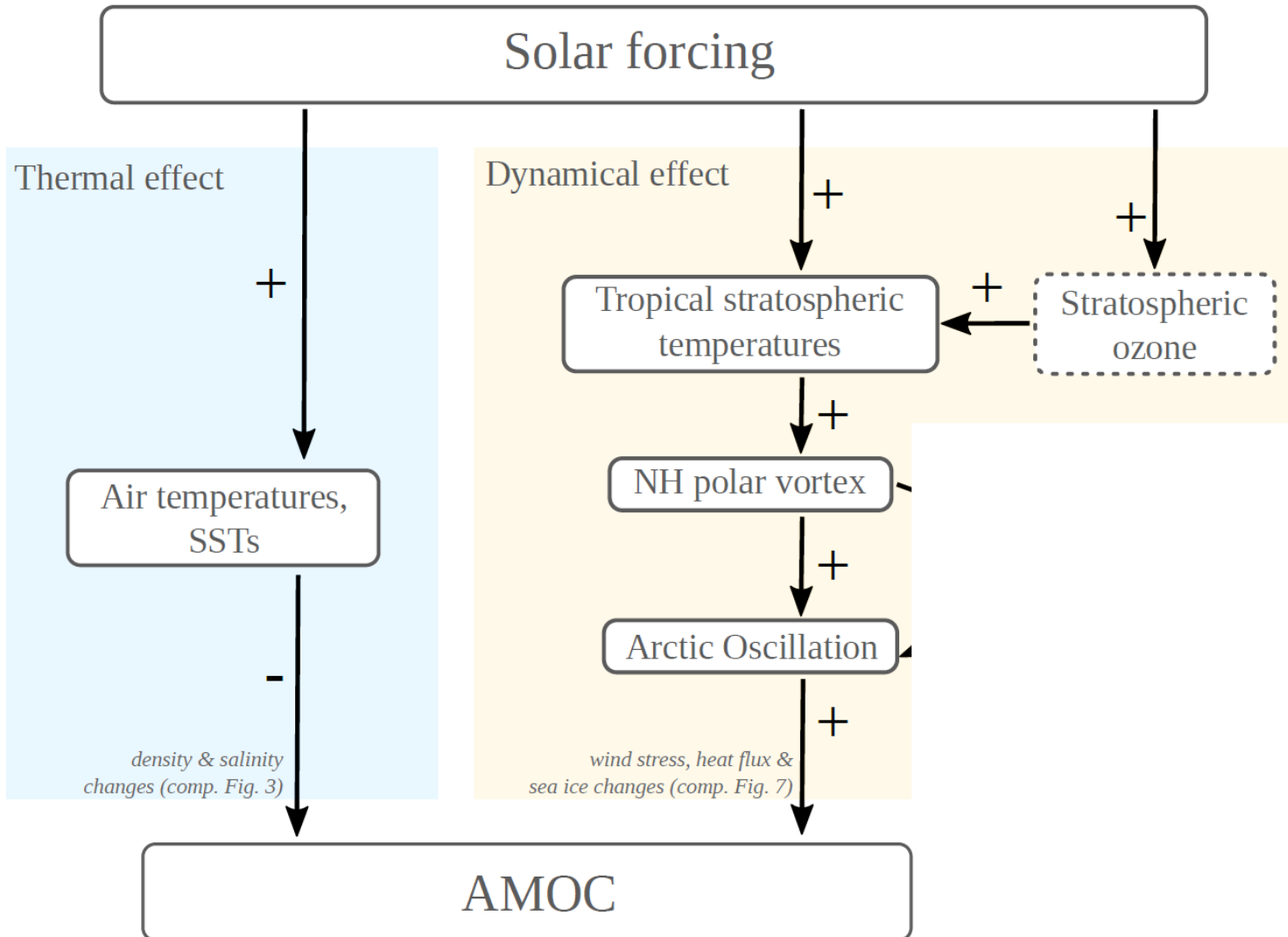
Temperature



Stippling: NOT significant at the 5% level

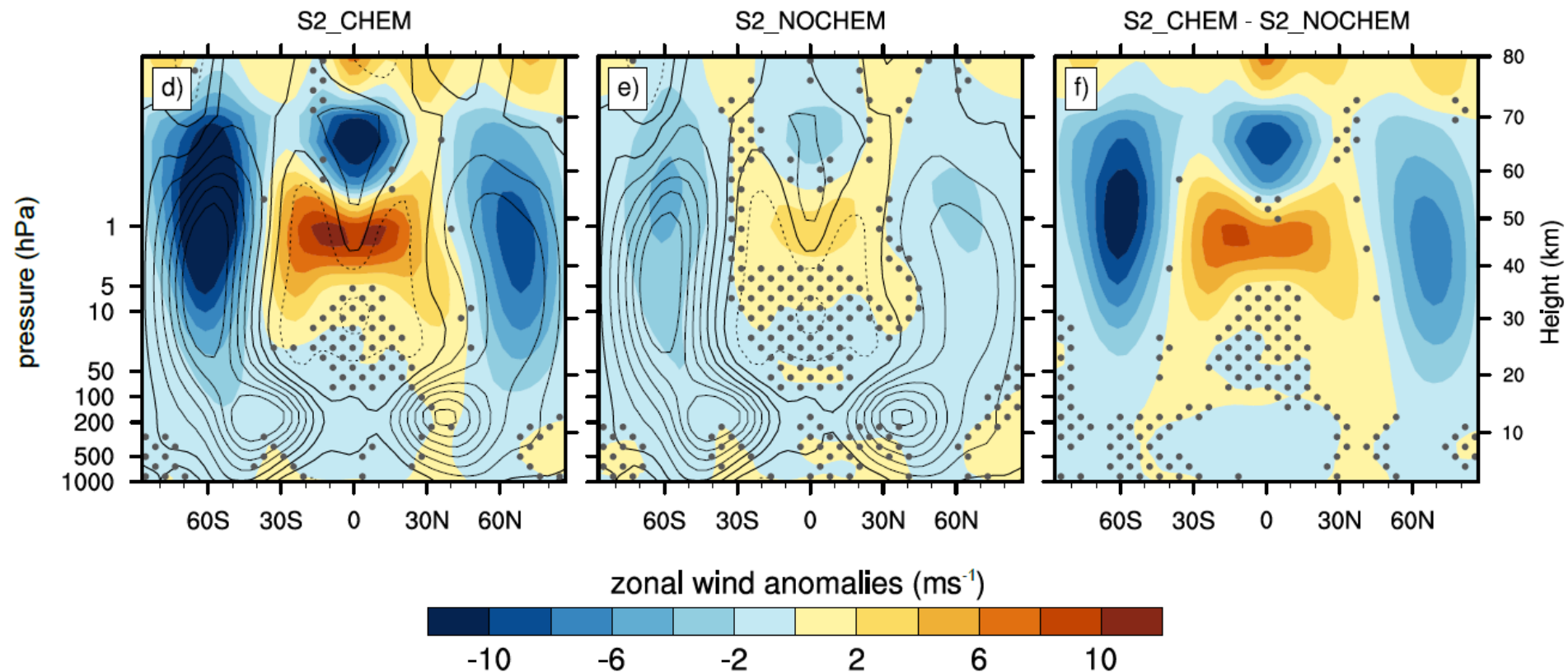
Dynamical effect

Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC



Dynamical effect

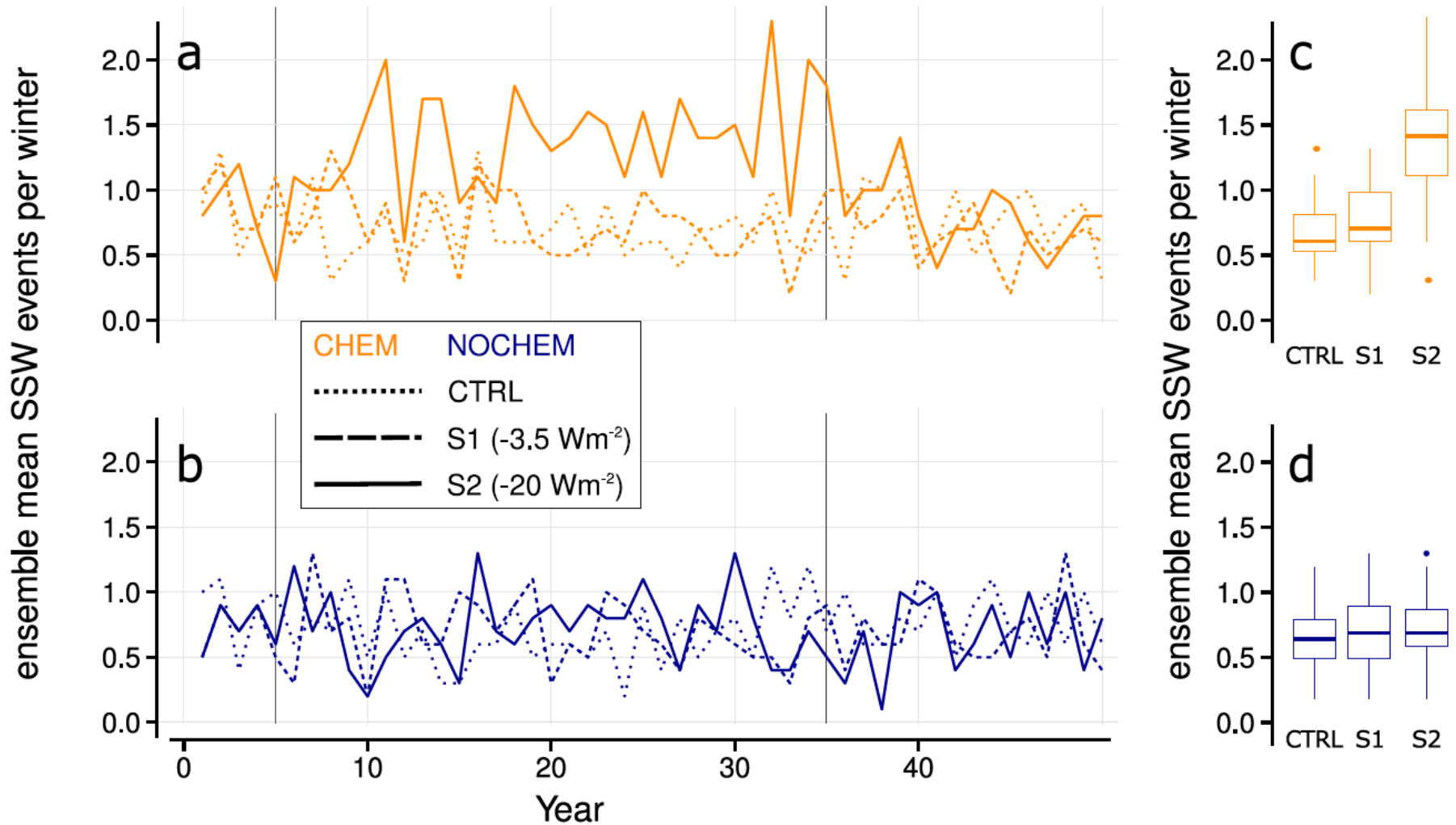
Zonal wind



Stippling: NOT significant at the 5% level

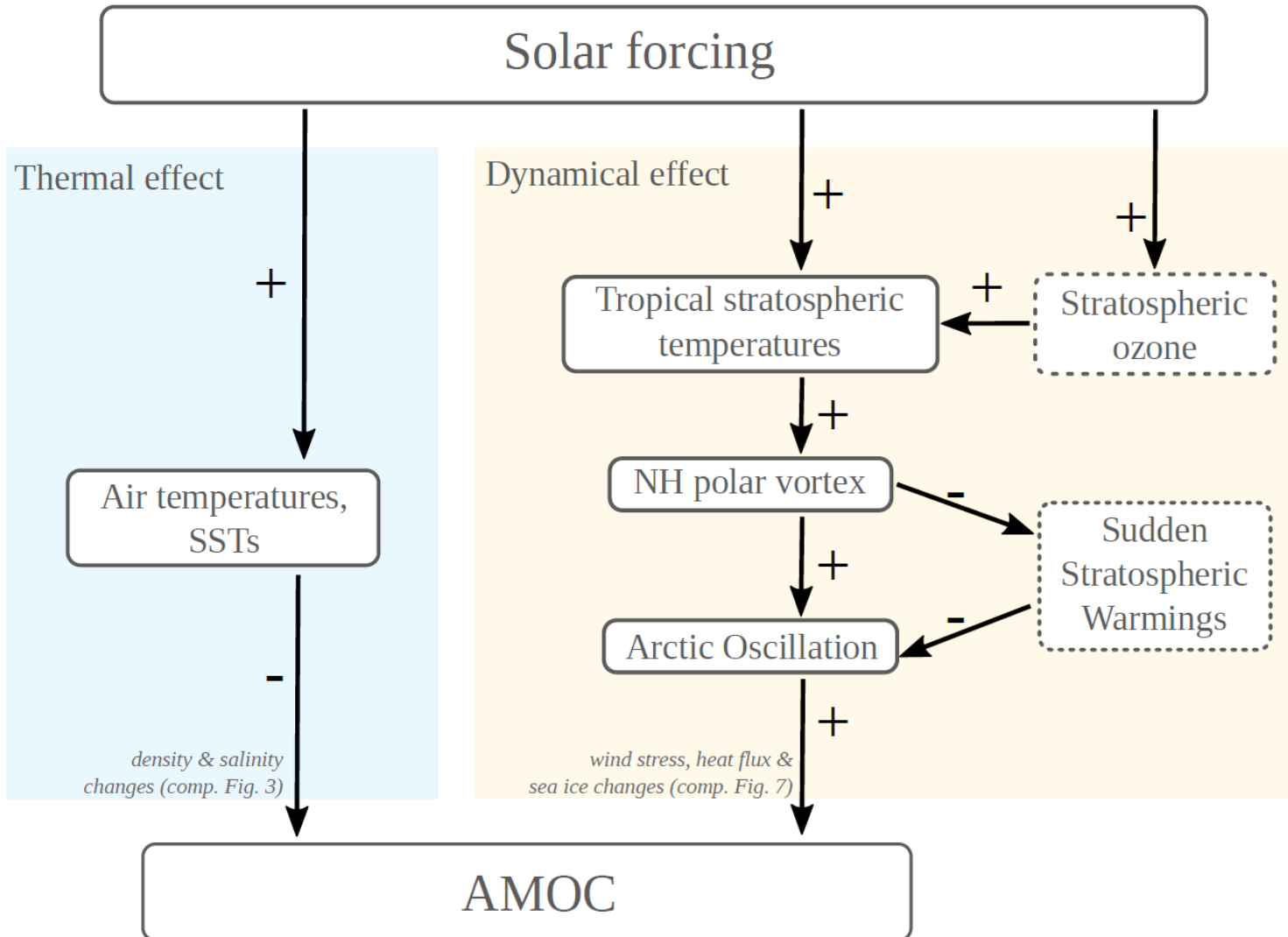
Dynamical effect

Sudden stratospheric warming events (SSW) per winter (Nov. - Mar.)



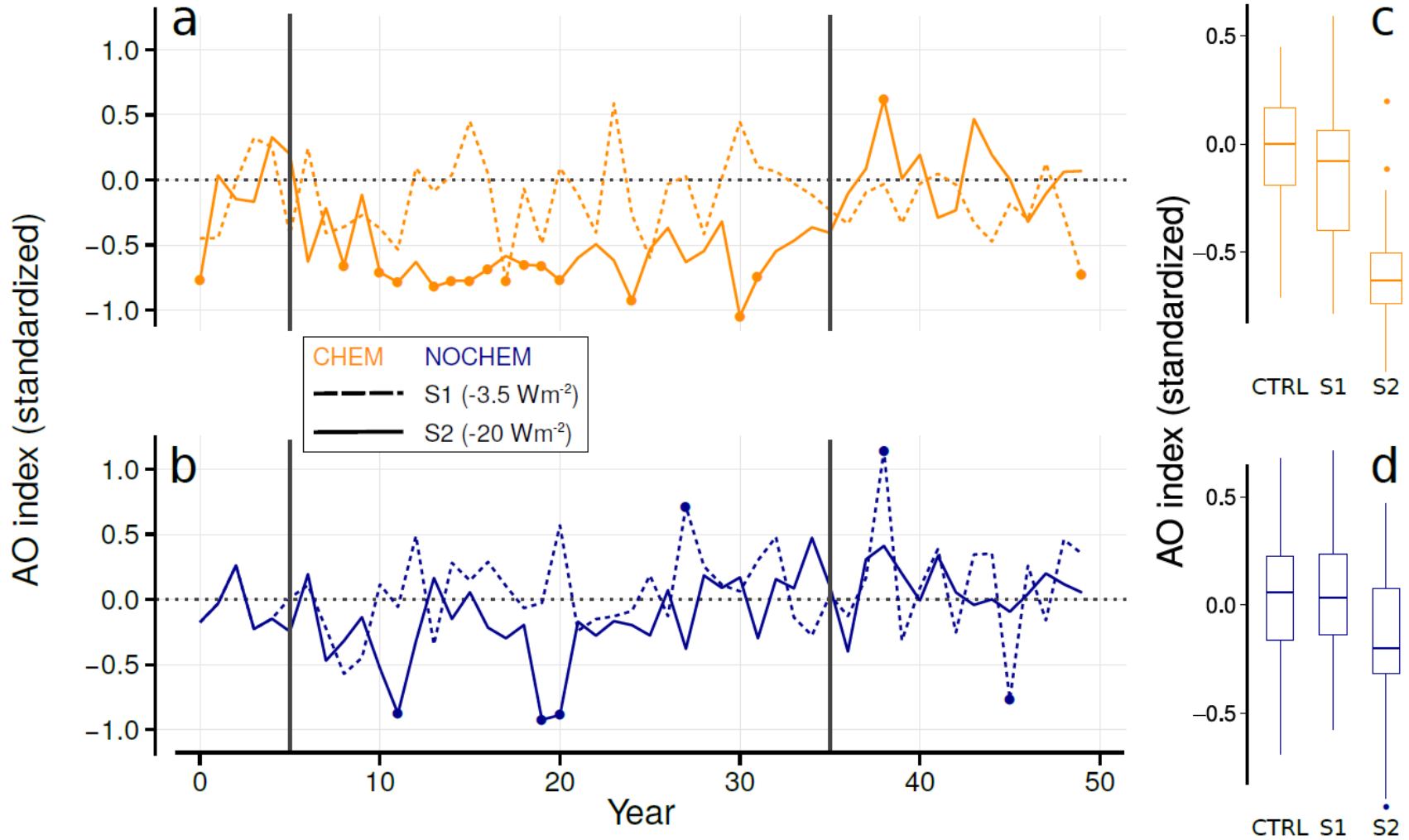
Dynamical effect

Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC



Dynamical effect

AO index

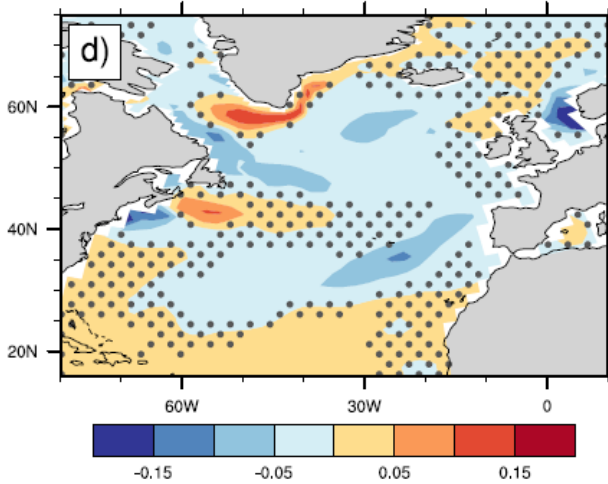


Dynamical effect

Influence of AO index during winter (Nov. – Mar.) on

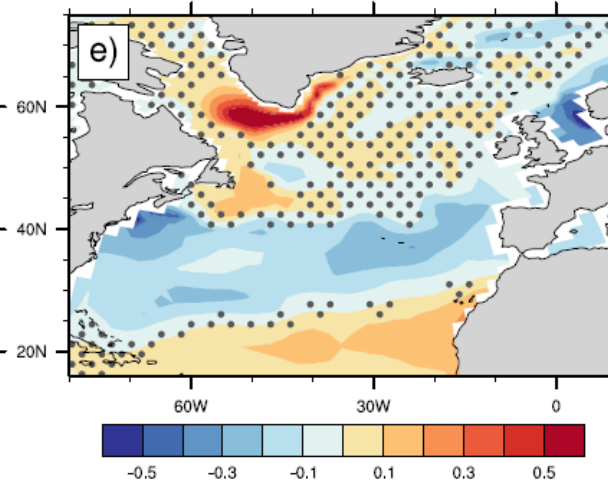
Sea surface salinity

psu / sigma



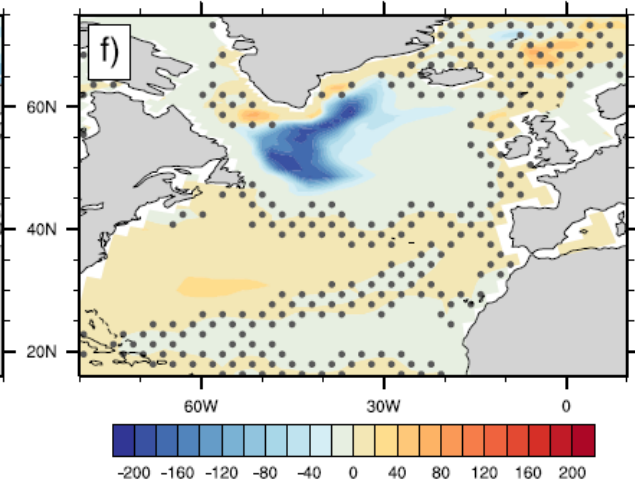
Sea surface temperature

K / sigma



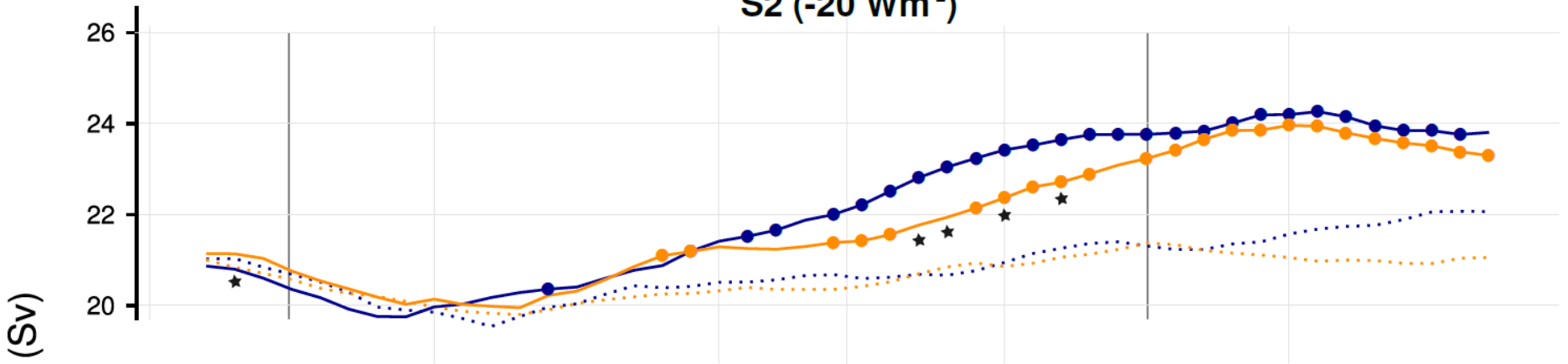
Ocean mixed layer thickness defined by sigma

m / sigma

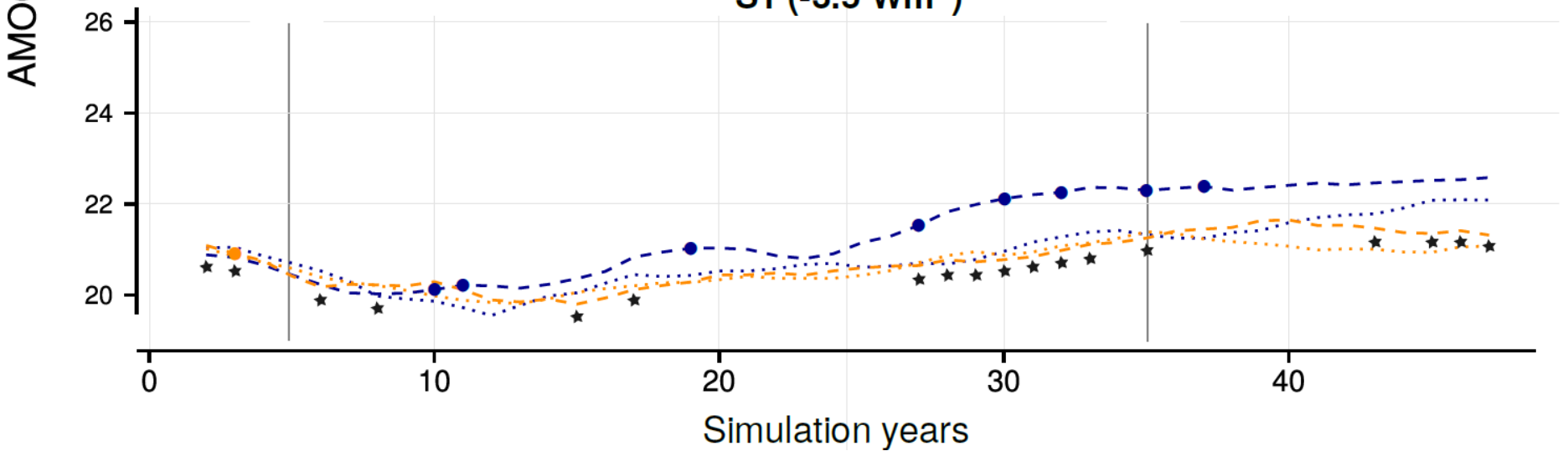


AMOC

S2 (-20 Wm⁻²)

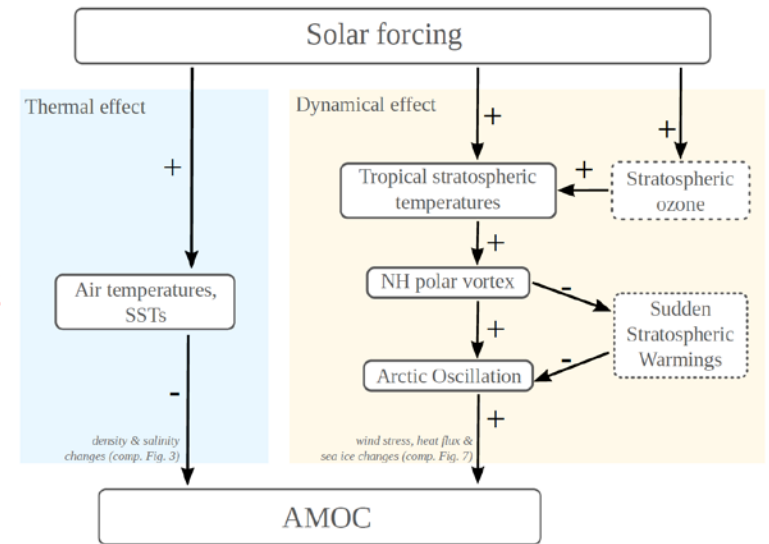


S1 (-3.5 Wm⁻²)



Summary

- ✓ Solar forcing has an impact on ocean circulation
- ✓ Thermal direct effect:
Neg. TSI leads to positive AMOC
- ✓ Dynamical effect involving stratosphere-troposphere interaction:



Neg. TSI leads to neg. AO and this to neg. AMOC

- ✓ Atmospheric chemistry **enhance** the dynamical effect.
- **Models without atmospheric chemistry overestimate the AMOC response to TSI changes**

Related publications

- AMOC response:

Muthers, S., C. C. Raible, E. Rozanov, and T. F. Stocker 2016: Response of the overturning to solar forcing and the modulating role of atmospheric chemistry. *Earth System dynamics*, **revised**.

- Stratospheric age of air:

Muthers, S., A. Kuchar, A. Stenke, J. Schmitt, C. C. Raible, and T. F. Stocker, 2016: Stratospheric age of air variations between 1600-2100. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **43** 5409--5418.

- Volcanic effect:

Muthers, S., F. Arfeuille, C. C. Raible, and E. Rozanov 2015: The impact of volcanic aerosols on stratospheric ozone and the Northern Hemisphere polar vortex: Separating radiative from chemical effects. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.*, **15**, 11461-11476.

Dynamical effect

Mechanism of solar influence to AMOC

